

# JEWISH STUDIES IN THE ACADEMY IN 2018

### **ABOUT THE SURVEY**

As AJS approached its 50<sup>th</sup> anniversary, we invited every US-based institution with a Jewish Studies department (about 250 institutions) to complete a survey based on the 2017/2018 academic year. 66% of institutions responded to the survey. This report presents data from 161 institutions that are not exclusively Jewish. Participating institutions are listed at the end of the document.

# HOW ARE COURSES, STUDENTS, & FACULTY DISTRIBUTED ACROSS THE US?

Jewish Studies is concentrated in the Middle Atlantic, South Atlantic, East North Central, and Pacific regions. There is little presence in the Mountain and East South Central regions. In 2017/2018, more than 35,000 undergraduates took a Jewish Studies course. About half of the faculty affiliated with Jewish Studies teach a minority of their courses in Jewish Studies. The other half teach most of their courses in Jewish Studies.

Fig. 1: # OF JEWISH STUDIES COURSES OFFERED (N=2,109)

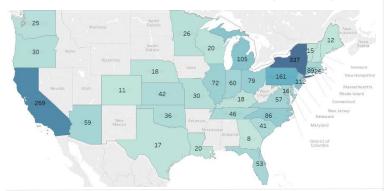


Fig 2: # of Undergrads taking Jewish Studies Courses (n=35,753)

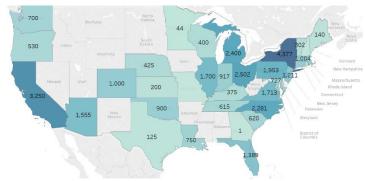


FIG 3: # OF FACULTY AFFILIATED WITH JEWISH STUDIES (N=1,709)1

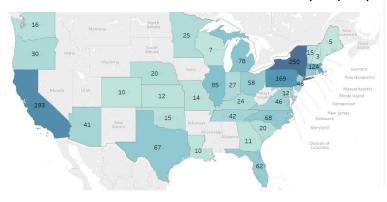
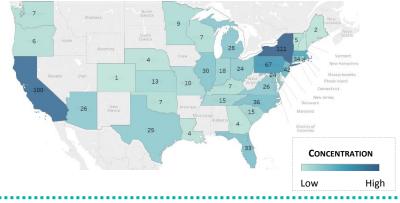


FIG 4: # OF FACULTY TEACHING PRIMARILY IN JEWISH STUDIES (N=812)<sup>2</sup>



## WHAT COURSES ARE INSTITUTIONS MOST AND LEAST LIKELY TO OFFER?



#### <25% Offer:

- -Yiddish Language & Literature
- -Sephardi & Mizrahi Studies
- -Social Sciences
- -Art History
- -Education



#### ~33% OFFER:

- -American History
- -Near Eastern & Jewish Studies
- -Rabbinics & Talmud
- -English
- -Philosophy



#### ~50% OFFER:

- -Jewish Thought
- -Jewish Culture & Arts
- -Comparative Literature

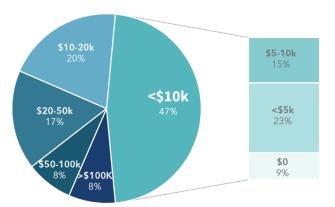


#### >66% OFFER:

- -Holocaust
- -Religion
- -European History
- -Israel & Middle East
- -Hebrew Language & Literature
- -Bible



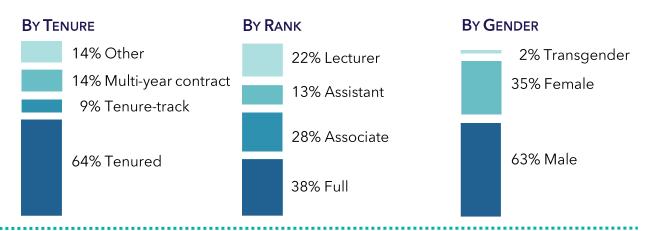
## **How Much do Institutions Spend on Jewish Studies?**



About half of institutions operate on program budgets that are \$10,000 or less per year.

## WHO IS ON THE FACULTY?

About 30% of faculty are working outside the tenure system. For every female faculty member, there are about two male faculty members.



## WHAT ARE THE ENROLLMENT TRENDS AND STRATEGIES?

Based on respondents' self-assessment, undergraduate enrollment is a key area of concern because it reflects the Jewish Studies program's overall vitality. Other indicators of health include the number of majors/minors, the addition/loss of faculty or faculty lines, and community interest in public programs. About 30% of institutions think enrollment in Jewish Studies, especially Israel Studies, has increased. About 50% think enrollment has stayed constant. Enrollment in Hebrew language and literature appears to be on the decline. Jewish Studies is highly affected by changes that are often beyond their control, such as changes in General Education or language requirements, demographic shifts in the student body, and decreasing interest in the humanities. To attract students, institutions are introducing new course topics, cross-listing courses, adapting courses to meet Gen Ed requirements, offering freshmen seminars to expose students to Jewish studies early on, being more proactive about partnering with Hillel and Chabad, and offering online courses. However, adding new courses may not increase enrollment and instead might cannibalize other Jewish Studies courses. Institutions rarely mentioned trying to improve student learning experiences, suggesting little attention to the quality of courses offered, pedagogy, or assessment of student learning.

#### Participating Institutions